1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Stratham Zoning Board of Adjustment Meeting Minutes August 4, 2010 Municipal Center, Selectmen's Meeting Room 10 Bunker Hill Avenue Time: 8:00 PM					
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Members Present: Member Absent:		John Dold, Chairman Arol Charbonneau, Vice Chairman Kirk Scamman David Short Michael Smith, Alternate Jeffrey Karam, Alternate Bruce Barker			
24 25 26	1.	Call to Order/Roll Call				
27 28 29 30 31	Chairman, John Dold called the meeting to order and explained that Mr. Jeffrey Karam be sitting in for Mr. Bruce Barker who is absent from tonight's meeting. Mr. Dold fur explained that he choose Mr. Karam to sit in for Mr. Barker because Mr. David Short was present at the June 8, 2010 meeting and Mr. Karam was.					
32 33 34 35 36 37	2.	John Golter and Linda Golter, 128 Winnicutt Road – Motion for Rehearing in relation to the Application for Home Occupation Special Exception of Mr. Brian Daigle, <u>Daigle v.</u> <u>Town of Stratham</u> (Rockingham Superior Court #09-E-0508), Litigation Settlement Agreement Approved by the Zoning Board of Adjustment.				
38 39 40		Winnicutt Road,	he meeting by explaining that Mr. John and Linda Golter who resides at 127 Stratham requested a motion for a Re Hearing of the June 8, 2010 decision of Adjustment case number 538.			
41 42 43 44 45 46		Mr. Charbonneau proceeded to read the first issue listed on the motion which reads, "The Applicant's proposed "accessory" structure is not actually accessory to the property's primary purpose, which is a residential dwelling". The Board discussed and compared the Town's Ordinance definition of an Accessory Structure to the actual proposed Accessory Structure.				

1 Mr. Scamman stated that he sees no evidence so far to consider a Re Hearing regarding this 2 issue.

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Mr. Dold proceeded to state that the proposed Accessory Structure is in fact an Accessory
Structure. Mr. Dold, further added, that is exactly what was presented at the June 8, 2010
Zoning Board Meeting. In conclusion, the Board still accepts the proposed Accessory
Structure as being an Accessory Structure to the main dwelling with the condition that the
Accessory Structure is no greater then 25% of the primary floor space of the main dwelling.

- 10 The Board moved on to the next issue, which reads "the applicant's proposal actually 11 requires Variance relief, not a Special Exception, to conduct a Commercial Use in a 12 Residential/Agricultural Zone".
- Mr. Dold responded and stated that he does not see that point in the Zoning Regulations andthen asked the Board for their comments on that issue.
- Mr. Deschaine approached the Board and stated that he thinks what the Golter's are trying to
 say is when the Board allowed the Home Occupation to go into a separate structure from the
 main dwelling that then made the Home Occupation no longer a Home Occupation business.
- The Board responded, and explained that the Home Occupation Ordinance was re written to allow Home Occupations to be in an Accessory Structure. The Board, further explained, that they do not view this Home Occupation any different then the other Home Occupations they have granted, such as, Fat Code and several others.
- Mr. Karam stated that the definition of a Home Occupation is the same in the new Ordinance as the old Ordinance. Mr. Karam then proceeded to read the definition, which states, "in any individual business or profession conducted within a dwelling, or accessory building...."
- Mr. Dold responded and stated that the Ordinance is clear to him. Mr. Dold further explained that he thinks Mr. Golter's point is that the Board should have required Mr. Daigle to apply for a Variance, not a Special Exception, because Mr. Golter views Mr. Daigle's business as a Commercial Use. In conclusion, Mr. Dold stated that this is a Home Occupation and the Board agrees that this is a Home Occupation.
- The Board moved onto the next issue on the motion, which states, the applicant's proposed construction activities also require Variance relief to expand a Nonconforming use". Mr. Charbonneau then referred the Board to pg 2 and continued reading the motion. Mr. Charbonneau then referred the Board to page 8 sections B of the motion titled Unlawful Expansion of Nonconforming Use Requiring Variance Relief. Mr. Charbonneau proceeded to read the facts, which state, the Zoning Board of Adjustment
- overlooked the significance of the fact that the Applicant's property comprises just over one
 acre (33,610 square feet) of land. The dimensional requirements set forth in Ordinance
 Section 4.2 for the Residential/Agricultural Zone, i.e. two acre zoning, render the Applicant's
 property a nonconforming lot and, thus, is residential use itself is nonconforming as a matter
 of law. See 15 Loughlin at 8.01 et seq. (Nonconforming Uses). The existing residential use,

of course, is "grandfathered." But the extension and enlargement of nonconforming uses,
though generally not per se prohibited, must be done as carefully as an outright change in use
via a variance. Id at 8.06; see also RSA 674:19. As is the case in the present matter, an
expansion of a nonconforming use can be unlawful for both qualitative and quantitative
reasons.

Chairman Dold responded and stated that it is his understanding that what Mr. Golter is saying is this property is grandfathered in, but for residential purposes only, not for Commercial or Home Occupation uses.

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The Board further discussed the issue of Home Occupations in nonconforming lots. Mr. Barker stated that most residential lots in Stratham are nonconforming, because the two acre lot requirement has only been in effect for the last few years. Mr. Barker further stated that the lot is a lot of record and he feels everything on that lot should be treated the same as a two acre lot, because the lot was an approved structure lot.

17 Mr. Smith approached the Board to state that he could see that argument if the location of the 18 proposed Accessory Structure were detrimental to the surrounding neighborhood, but in this 19 case the building they are proposing to construct is behind the home, out of view and less 20 then the 25% coverage. In conclusion, the structure is not intrusive in any way even though 21 the lot is less then the current zoning of two acres.

Mr. Dold proceeded to clarify that it is his understanding that Mr. Golter feels if you have
less then the two acre lot requirement you can't come before the Zoning Board of
Adjustment for a Home Occupation, Special Exception, because you shouldn't get it. The
Board had more discussion regarding allowing Home Occupation, Special Exception on a
Nonconforming lot.

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29 Mr. Dold referred the Board to Section 5.3 Expansion of Nonconforming. The Board read section 5.3 out load, which states "A Variance is not required if the expansion is a natural 30 expansion, which does not change the nature of the use, does not make the property 31 32 proportionally less adequate and does not have a substantially different impact on the 33 neighborhood. The Board responded and stated that they feel that the Home Occupation is a 34 natural expansion under the Home Occupation Ordinance. Further explained the Home Occupation application does not change the nature of use under the Home Occupation 35 Permit. The Board does not feel the Home Occupation makes the property less adequate or 36 have a negative impact on the neighborhood based on the plans and discussions the applicant 37 38 have submitted.

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40 Mr. Dold responded and added that the Board believes that 5.1.2 does not apply and a
41 Variance is not required. The Board agreed.

The Board proceeded to the next issue on the Motion, which states, "The Applicant's
proposal requires Site Plan Review by the Planning Board".

Mr. Scamman asked Mr. Deschaine if it states anywhere in the Zoning Ordinance that a
residential lot has to apply for a Site Plan Review. Mr. Scamman added that he has always
thought of a Site Plan review a commercial procedure. Mr. Deschaine responded and

explained if a residential lot received a variance to construct a commercial use they would
 not be exempt from Site Plan Review if the Board felt the applicant met the criteria of
 Commercial Use. Mr. Deschaine further explained if the Zoning Board had an application
 for a home occupation, but the home occupation was so intense then the Zoning Board could
 require the applicant apply for a Site Plan Review as well.

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Mr. Dold stated that the Home Occupation is a Commercial Use which is allowed by Special
Exception, not a Variance; therefore, Site Plan Review is not required. The Board agreed
and stated that Mr. Daigle meets the Special Exception requirements criteria

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The Board asked Mr. Deschaine why Fat code went before the Planning Board for their Home Occupation. Mr. Deschaine responded, and explained that the Zoning Board of Adjustment felt that Fat Cod met the criteria of a Home Occupation, but the Board had enough concern regarding access, visibility of the house and Fat Cod needed more employees then the Ordinance allowed, therefore that meant they needed Planning Board approval. Mr. Deschaine further, explained that the Zoning Board did not feel comfortable evaluating those elements of the application.

Mr. Dold referred the Board to page 10 paragraphs 2, which states Mr. Golter's argument on why the applicant should go before the Planning Board.

The Board discussed the proposed changes to the property and the Board feels that the changes that are proposed for what the applicant is trying to achieve in terms of the location of the building and the driveway to the structure are reasonable.

Mr. Deschaine approached the Board and stated that might not be a determination that the
Zoning Board determines. Mr. Deschaine further, explained that Site Plan Review is a
Planning Board function.

Mr. Dold stated that when Mr. Daigle applies for his building permits that will resolve any
 issues regarding any issues with location of accessory structures and/or driveways, because
 that is under the Building Inspectors determination.

Mr. Barnes explained to the Board that he received an application for a building permit and it was not acted on because the application was incomplete due to no structural plans being included along with dimensional measurements and location of the proposed structure on the property. Mr. Barnes then added that an as-built will be required for this application to indicate that the proposed building is exactly were the structure is on the property.

Mr. Dold explained that when the building permit application is complete then it would be
Mr. Barnes, Building Inspector decision to approve the application or to pass the application
on to the Planning Board for Site Plan Review. Mr. Dold then added that at this point Mr.
Daigle application does not require Site Plan Review, because he still has to go through the
Building Permit application process.

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The Board proceeded to issue five on the Motion, which states The Zoning Board of Adjustment did not ensure that the contents of the Applicant's proposal, under the Settlement

1 Agreement, conform to Section 17.8.2 of the Zoning Ordinance (requirements for Special 2 Exception). As a matter of procedure, the ZBA failed to subject the Agreement and the 3 Application to all applicable provisions of the Town's Zoning Ordinance (the "Ordinance"), 4 namely Section 17.8.2 this procedural error is not a mere "procedural technicality." See in 5 re Proposed New Hampshire Rules of Civil Procedure, 139 N.H. 512, 515 (1995). It is to the 6 detriment of the Golter's and their use and enjoyment of their home. The ZBA must apply 7 the requirements of Section 17.8.2, otherwise it does not have sufficient evidence to support 8 its decision. 9

- 10 Mr. Deschaine referred the Board to page four, which states: 1. As a Procedural Matter, The 11 Zoning Board of Adjustment unlawfully and unreasonably neglected to subject the 12 agreement to all applicable requirements of the ordinance.
- Ordinance Section 5.13..2 (App. 48) incorporates the requirements for a special exception set
 forth in Section 17.8.2("(a) special exception for a home occupation shall be allowed <u>subject</u>
 <u>to Section 17.8.2</u> and the following conditions and standards set forth below...") (emphasis
 added). The ZBA did not address these threshold requirements. App 63-64.
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- a. Failure To Apply Ordinance Section 17.8.2 (Special Exceptions)
- It is clear from the Draft Minutes that the Zoning Board of Adjustment, when comparing the terms of the Agreement to Ordinance Section 5.13 (App 63-64), neglected to also review those terms per the six criteria for special exceptions set forth in Ordinance Section 17.8.2. App 51-52. The ZBA must now do so, especially in light of subsection (iii), regarding property values and the need to protect the residential character of the neighborhood.
 - Mr. Karam stated that he feels when the Board discussed the Home Occupation 5.13.1.2 the conditions in 5.13.2 are also the same as those under 17.8.2 I and iii. Mr. Karam
- further added that there was a couple of those under 17.8.2 that the Board did not agree with originally last year, but with the settlement agreement the Board went through all those as part of the home occupation accepting both, the old and new ordinance, and the Board felt it complied with both ordinance, even the more restricted ordinance. In conclusion, Mr. Barker feels the Board did go through those.
- Mr. Dold explained to the Board that there are two specific sections that Mr. Golter claims the Board missed, one being property values. Mr. Dold asked the Board if property values were addressed in 5.13 on page 73 or 74.
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Mr. Charbonneau read page 74 section 5.13 b on the Settlement Agreement where the Board
addresses the proposed home occupation not to interfere with property values. Mr.
Charbonneau further added that he feels that the Board did review and discuss the issue in
length and compared it to both old and new Ordinances and the Board feel that it complies
with both.

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1 Mr. Dold stated that the Board does not believe that they error by not making specific 2 reference to Section 17.8.2. Mr. Dold asked if the Board wanted to make any further 3 comments on issue 5 and then moved on to number 6.

5 Mr. Charbonneau proceeded to read issue number six, which stated, "The Zoning Board of 6 Adjustment did not make findings of fact as required under Section 17.9 of the Zoning 7 Ordinance". Mr. Charbonneau then referred the Board to page 4 of the motion in order to 8 continue the Golter's argument, which further stated, "The ZBA shall present findings of fact 9 for all its decisions and shall enter such findings into its records".

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The Board discussed issue six and Mr. Dold asked if he was supposed to write down all parts of the decision from that night. Mr. Charbonneau asked Mr. Deschaine if it was necessary in a case like that when the purpose of the meeting was to just approve the settlement agreement. The Board and Mr. Deschaine further discussed the process of the Zoning Board of Adjustment presenting findings of facts in the meetings and what the Ordinance states. The Board determined that they did present the findings of facts, which states such in the approved meeting minutes and in the approved settlement agreement.

Mr. Dold approached the Board and stated that he believes the Board has gone through the six elements in the Motion for Re Hearing and asked the Board if there were any other issues that need to be discussed with regards to this Motion for Re-Hearing

Mr. Dold then began to summarize the finding of facts from tonight's meeting in order to make a decision on the Motion for Re Hearing. Mr. Dold began with issue number one on the Motion for Re Hearing, which stated:

1. That the proposed structure is not an accessory structure to the main dwelling.

The Boards response is, the Board believes the proposed structure is accessory and in accordance with the Zoning Ordinances. This issue was discussed at length during the meeting of June 8, 2010 and the accessory building was limited to 25% square feet of the main structure lastly the accessory structure meets the definitions of a accessory structure in the Zoning Ordinance.

2. The proposal requires a Variance and not a Special Exception.

The Board explained that it is written in the Zoning Ordinance that a Home Occupation is a
Commercial Use which is allowed by Special Exception not by a Variance; therefore the
Board disagrees with Mr. Golter on that issue.

3. The proposed construction activities take place on a one acre plus piece of land and therefore require a Variance for a Nonconforming Use.

The Board explained that there are many lots in Stratham that are lots of record, which are
less then two acres. The Board believes that Section 5.1.2 paragraph two of the Zoning
Ordinance states that a Variance is not required. Mr. Dold further read section 5.1.2

1 2 3 4 5 6	paragraph 2 to the Board, which states, "A Variance is not required if the expansion natural expansion which does not change the nature of use and does not make the prop proportionally adequate and does not have a substantially impact on the neighborhood based on that Ordinance the Board does not feel the Variance is not required. Mr. Dold referred to paragraph 2 of section 5.1.2 of the Zoning Ordinance and determined based of ordinance a variance is not required.							
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8 9	4. Required Site Plan Review by the Planning Board.							
10	The Board stated that the construction of the accessory structure will be addressed in the							
11	Building permit process and the Zoning Board did not require Site Plan Review nor do they							
12 13	require Site Plan Review now.							
14 15	5. The Zoning Board of Adjustment did not ensure that the settlement agreement conformed to Section 17.8.2, which is the section on Special Exceptions in the Zoning Ordinance.							
16 17 18 19 20	The Board responded and stated that they do not believe that they error by not making specific reference and findings under 17.8.2 Special Exceptions, the Board discussed the Sections of 17.8.2 in the process of the Settlement Agreement and some of those sections were specifically reviewed in 5.13.2B with respect to property values.							
21 22 23	6. The Zoning Board of Adjustment did not make findings of fact.							
24 25	The Boards stated that they confidentially believe that they did make findings of facts in the approved meeting minutes and in the approved Settlement Agreement.							
26 27 28	Mr. Short made a motion to deny the request for Re Hearing on Zoning Board of Adjustment Case Number 538, seconded by Mr. Scamman. Motion passed unanimously							
29 30 31 32 33	Mr. Scamman made a motion to adjourn at 9:45 PM, seconded by Mr. Short. Motion passed unanimously.							
34 35 36 37	John Dold, Chairman Date							
38 39 40 41	Arol Charbonneau, Vice Chairman Date							
42 43 44	Kirk Scamman, Date							

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