VILLAGE OF HASTINGS-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

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\text { Held July 24, } 2008 \text { at 8:00 p.m., Seven }
$$ Maple Avenue, Hastings-on-Hudson, New York 10706-1497.

PRESENT:

Brian P. Murphy, Chairman
Stanley Pycior, Board Member David Forbes-Watkins, Board Member
Ray H. Dovell, Board Member Marc A. Leaf, Board Member

Deven Sharma, Building Inspector Marianne Stecich, Board Counsel

Nina Purcell, RPR Shorthand Reporter

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Good evening, everyone. We will call to order our Thursday, July 24 meeting of the Hastings Zoning Board of Appeals. We have four cases on our agenda tonight, the first Case No. 14-08, Ann Mackey and David Makulec; second case $15-08$, Judith McHale and Michael O'Halloran; third case No. 16-08, Peter and Andrea Rockland, and our last case No. 17-08, the NewingtonCropsey Foundation.

MR. SHARMA: We need to make a change to the agenda. Case No. 1, we discovered earlier today we made a mistake in noticing it. They do need another variance, front yard variance as well, in addition to the rear yard variance. And we are bringing in the applicant and the architects, and we were mistaken. And we are going to set it up and set up another notice and forward it to you.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: So we will simply defer our first case then for

1 Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 2 in Dobbs Ferry. And I'm happy to be here 3 with the application of the McHale and 4 O'Hallorans, first of all, for an 5 interpretation of the accessory use that 6 we are proposing for the carriage house.

The building in question here is a carriage house which is probably late 1900's, early 20th Century, a great building which has been sitting basically unused during the last couple of occupancies, but the O'Hallorans would like to rehabilitate it into a recreation pavilion and possible future pool house. It is -- the pool side is right next to this building, but an outdoor venue, as it were, in place of a finished basement for kids, grandchildren, and so on to use as a kind of garden house. It would have a sink. It would have a shower and a toilet. And it would have an under counter fridge as a bar. It would have a place for a billiard table or such uses and support outdoor uses on a very large lot. And we believe that that use is

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 Ann Mackey and David Makulec, 60 Dorchester Avenue, until the next meeting, to do a proper notice and add the required variance for front yard setback.

Before we move to our next case, did anyone come here tonight who wishes to be heard on the first application for Ann Mackey and David Makulec at 60 Dorchester?
If anyone came tonight, I'd be happy to take your comments. Seeing none, we will move on to our next case. Mr. Chairman, are the other mailings in order for the remainder of our cases?

MR. SHARMA: I didn't know I was the chairman.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Sorry. MR. SHARMA: Yes. All the mailings are in order.

CHAIRMANMURPHY: Okay. Our next case then for Judith McHale and Michael O'Halloran, 255 Broadway.

MR. TILLY: Good evening, Chairman, members of the board. My name is Steve Tilly, Stephen Tilly Architects

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 consistent with the permitted accessory uses which from the -- in the R-10 district, which is what would apply here, which would be garden house, toolhouse, playhouse, greenhouse or similar occupancy use customarily incident to the permitted principal uses of the premises and not operated for profit.

Clearly this is not being operated for profit. We believe the uses are incidental to the permitted principal uses and that they are of a similar occupancy to the garden house, playhouse, greenhouse, et cetera. So we feel that the use that is intended and the use which we are -- which they are proposing fits that category. And so that's the first -the threshold question about that use for your consideration.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Yes. Why don't we take that issue first, because I think that's the important one to try to work around and basically get the feeling of the board members. We actually for

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 some of the board members who may be newer, we had an application not unlike this several years ago for a similar property. It is a very --I note it is a very large and unique property. It probably has some historic significance in terms of the building.

MR. TILLY: It's part of the draper kind of enclave that heads down Broadway.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: It is west of Broadway between Broadway and the river, right?

MR. TILLY: Correct. CHAIRMAN MURPHY: On the application it notes the lot area where 10,000 square feet is permitted, this lot is 94,000 square feet. And the current existing structures take up less than 4 percent of the existing lot area when 25 percent is permitted. So that is just to create some context for the type of lot you are talking about.

The question of accessory use, we

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 colleague, Stephanie Reinert, describe the dimensions of the building. The -- if you have been there -- well, you can -- why don't you come to the microphone.

MS. REINERT: The building is about 38 feet by 18 feet, one and a half story wood frame. And between both stories, one and a half, it's got 957 square feet. There is a little area up on the second floor which has headroom, and I would -- do you want to see the plans that go with it?

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Sure.
That is the existing square footage?
MS. REINERT: The existing, yes, which this is actually a demo plan. So the first floor is sort of there is a long sliding door with open sort of garage base. The back there had once been a stall. It still looks like a stall, and there's some shipladder stairs to the second room which is really just an open lot.

MR. TILLY: We are not

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 had a similar, as I say, application a few years ago. We never actually resolved it formally, I don't believe, because the -Marianne, of course, was here then too. We had the same question of what type of use would be permitted under the accessory use provision of the code.

MS. STECICH: The reason it didn't get resolved is they also -- it was really important to the application, this height variance, because they were trying to build a 41 foot building, and the board didn't give them the height variance. So then it never got to the other question. They sort of did it in the reverse. He dealt with the height before he dealt with the use, so that was never resolved.

> CHAIRMAN MURPHY:

Mr. Tilly, can you tell us a little bit about the size of the proposed structure as it exists now and as it is planned to be renovated into the pool house/ recreation area?

MR. TILLY: I'll let my

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 making the building larger in any way. The footprint is the footprint.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Okay. And how high would you like to go or is the proposal?

MS. REINERT: Well, the proposal, the existing height of the building to the ridge of the roof, it is -- it's a gable roof.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: It is listed at 21 feet 11 in our --

MS. REINERT: We'd like the dormer on the west side to go up to about 19 foot 4 . So it is not higher than the ridge of the roof.

MR. TILLY: This is a dormer which would face the river really not visible from any other property and tucked into the roof. So it is not increasing the height of the building. It is simply a little shed.

MR. PYCIOR: Mr. Tilly or
Mr. Reinert, I notice on drawing A 191, which is the previous one, that it

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 indicates that there will be a sink and I see a countertop. Mr. Tilly mentioned a refrigerator. Might there also be a microwave or a cooktop? I'm just thinking that people have snacks usually in recreational areas.

MR. TILLY: No cooking facilities. Right. Drinking, bags of potato chips, things like that. I might add, our experience in both interpreting and drafting zoning codes with respect to accessory buildings and in other municipalities is that pool houses with this kind of -- or accessory buildings are considered an incidental use to a residential -- primary residential use.

We have done a number of pool houses in other municipalities, and the language is very similar to the slang in the sense of those -- those cookie cutter 1940s and 1950s codes that one finds.

MR. PYCIOR: Mr. Tilly, there is no pool. We are asked to approve a pool house before a pool?

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MR. TILLY: No. I'm saying this is -- this kind of accessory building is -- if there were a pool, this is -- we are designing it so if a pool is developed in the future, this would be a supporting facility. But there is a very large garden. This is out in -- right in the yard, as opposed to the house sits back where the basement as of now is unfinished. So this space is really a garden/recreation space and would be developed as a part -- as supportive use to the pool house.

But that use regardless of whether there is a pool or not is consistently permitted and interpreted as a permitted accessory use with the same slang in other municipalities. I'm just offering that up.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Well, I think the issue for the board, and this is the same issue we wrestled with a couple years ago, is the question of the intended use and the need for bathroom facilities,

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 running water, that kind of thing. I mean, the way that our code is written, in any event, it talks about garden houses, toolhouses, playhouses, greenhouses or "similar occupancy incidental to the permitted uses." So then it raises the question of what exactly is the use going to be and why is there a need for bathroom facilities, running water, et cetera, if there is no pool.

MR. TILLY: Well, if you are out and either gardening or playing out in the yard, it is a big yard, and you want to have a -- you know, or you are playing billiards on the billiard table on the ground floor, having a bathroom there and building that in for future pool construction, it just makes an awful lot of sense. I mean, it's very -- garden houses in my experience have been -- I mean, there are showers and restrooms that are used -- you want to use. If you are out getting really dirty, you don't want to run all the way into the house into the

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 basement or up into an upper floor. There is no bathroom in the basement in this house, so you have to run inside in a nicely finished space. So having a facility out there is really useful, and so that's the intent.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: No. I think the quandary --I have a question for counsel. Let's take a hypothetical. Let's say there was a pool, and there was a need on the property that could certainly accommodate a pool house with running water and maybe even be used for doubling as a guesthouse. What are the options for an applicant under the code? Is there any other option besides an accessory use for that type of use?

MS. STECICH: I'm sorry, Brian. I don't understand the question. CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Other than this provision, the accessory use provision, is there any other provision that an applicant can use for what they are asking to do? really not. That's why, I mean, when Deven, I guess, posed the question to me about a month or two ago about how to deal with this, and I think the board has the same concerns that they had the last go around. It doesn't fit into any of our categories. I know what you mean, Steve, because a lot of codes have or any use, you know, incidental to the main use. Our code does not have that. It enumerates which things you can have.

MR. TILLY: It says similar occupancy as customarily incidental to the permitted principal use.

MS. STECICH: Right.
Similar. Right. That is the thing. So the only one of these things the board might be able to fit it under would be garden house, toolhouse, playhouse, greenhouse or similar. Is this similar?

The only other option would be to request a use variance, you know, because this thing already exists, which is why I

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 with some way of distinguishing the situation. Let's say this were say, yes, this is a permitted use. Somebody coming in with a garage, you know, they don't need any kind of variance. They come in with a garage. They want to put a second floor on it and, you know, use it as recreation space. In fact, we did get an application like that. And we said no, that it doesn't fit.

The reason this case is a little more difficult, as was the case -- I guess it was about two years ago -- was that you were dealing with -- well, that wasn't an existing building but this is an existing building on a big piece of property. And it is a historic property, I assume. So it is a different situation.

But then how do you distinguish it from the person who just wants to use a garage essentially for living space.
That's what we have to be careful of. And it is not -- and I mentioned that those questions have come in, so you don't think

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 suggested that the application be framed in the alternative, either an interpretation, that this fits one of your accessory uses or, if not, allow a use variance, you know, for something like this. So those are really the only two options, Brian.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Right. That's good for the board to know. At least the concern I have is creating a precedent, an unwanted precedent, for a "permitted accessory use" but it might be a case where the applicant can simply state the requirements for an appropriate use variance and that we make a proper record, given particularly, I think, unique size, location, historic features of this property and the existing structure. At least in my mind that's probably a more sensible way to go.

MS. STECICH: Yes, because I'll tell you what the concern is and we've had inquiries. And maybe -- I don't know -- maybe the applicant can come up

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 this is just remote hypotheticals. It is not. It's been -- it's an issue.

MR. LEAF: Is there any way in which granting a use variance would be disadvantageous to the applicant? In other words, is there any reason why the applicant might say, No, we really prefer to have this resolved as an interpretation or --

MS. STECICH: You can ask the applicant.

MR. TILLY: I think the applicant, Jim, is interested in the present purposes which is to use it for the purposes I have described. So I don't think it is -- it makes any difference at all to the applicant. We just -- we were noticed for first an interpretation and then for a use variance depending on your interpretation of the code. And I was interpretation of the code. And I was
simply raising questions based on my reading of the language. So the applicant, I'm sure, would be happy either way. the STECICH: You can ask all to the applicant. We just -- we were ,

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MR. LEAF: Is this currently being used as a full-time residence?

MR. TILLY: It is under -we are renovating the main house, and they are -- so they are living elsewhere and intending to move in once we finish the renovation.

MR. LEAF: Thank you.
MR. SHARMA: Can I ask you a question? You know, if it were truly a pool house, if there were a pool and this were a pool house, then all the uses that are being proposed within this building would then be permitted, right? A shower?

MS. STECICH: Yes. But like Steve says, there is one big thing missing. I mean. And why wouldn't -- the same thing, how would someone else -- they have a pretty small piece of property with a house and a garage. And they say -- and they put in a shower and they put in, you know --

MR. LEAF: Shower, bathroom and cooking and a sink, refrigerator.

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 question, when you say similar, say what is the criteria, how do you interpret what is similar and not similar?

MS. STECICH: Yes, absolutely. And the board could decide that this is similar to a garden house, toolhouse, which is why they are here for the interpretation.

MR. LEAF: But if we were to grant the use variance, we would never get to the question of the interpretion.
Therefore we wouldn't have to make that decision, if we didn't -- the question is which one do we look at first.

MS. STECICH: Exactly.
Exactly.
CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Well, and I'm happy to take up the interpretation question only because I think we need to grapple with it.

MS. STECICH: We've been putting it off. Let's ask part 2 first. CHAIRMAN MURPHY: David, I don't know if you have any questions or

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MS. STECICH: Refrigerator for drinks. It makes a pretty nice little space. And say just like a pool house.

MR. SHARMA: Nothing is wrong with being a pretty nice space. The thing is whether the use is accessory to the living.

MS. STECICH: No, it isn't only that. No. That's the point. Our code is different from a lot of the codes where it is any use accessory to the principal building is allowed. Our code doesn't do that. Our code lists which accessory are permitted. And to be sure, I mean, and the odd problems that I've seen over the 20 some years have always been carriage houses because they are different. They are a different breed. It's a different breed of building which is why maybe if the board felt that that met the standards use variance isn't a bad avenue to go, because it is unique in that anyway.

MR. SHARMA: One last

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 comments.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: The only question I have which in some ways gets to this is if we granted this use or variance, however you looked at it, for a pool house without an application for a pool, would this be an assurance of any approvals that might be necessary from the zoning board for a pool? It's an interesting problem.

MR. TILLY: There is no variance would be required for a pool, because there is plenty of property.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Unless you were impinging on lot lines and setbacks.

MR. TILLY: I mean, I was presenting that as a potential. We really are calling it a recreation pavilion/ garden house. And so the pool house use is a potential future use, because there is a huge space and the likely place for a pool which would be conforming happens to be right behind this building. And so

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 that's why it made an awful lot of sense to us to outfit it so that that could happen.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Well, the problem I see anyway is that our -- the way our code is written, it is narrower than that. And the next element after the section with the garden house, toolhouse is for a swimming pool, but there is no language for a pool house in the code. And at least I think it has always been my view that it shouldn't be an accessory use. That is a bad precedent to set at least for this code.

But I certainly would be amenable to hearing a little bit more to see if we can make it fit under a use variance to get this applicant what they want, because I think there is a harsh -- particularly with a property this size and scale that clearly can handle the size of the structure and the use. I don't know if anyone else has a different view or wants to --

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MS. STECICH: They are in code 295-146 (B)(2). No use variance shall be granted by the Board of Appeals without a showing by the applicant that applicable government regulations and restrictions have caused unnecessary hardship. In order to prove the unnecessary hardship, the applicant shall demonstrate to the Board of Appeals that for each and every permitted use under the zoning rights for the particular district where the property is located, the applicant cannot -- well, this is a little bit different, that part of it, but, anyway, this is the show the applicant should make; that the applicant cannot realize a reasonable return, provided that that return is substantial as demonstrated by competent financial items; that alleged hardship relating to the property in question is unique and does not apply to a substantial portion of the district or neighborhood; the requested use variance, if granted, will not alter the essential

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MR. PYCIOR: No, I concur. In fact, one of the standards for use variance is "the alleged hardship relating to the property in question is unique and does not apply to a substantial portion of the district or the neighborhood." Most people in the district don't have barns and certainly don't have much property. So it is unique.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: So, Counsel, I don't know if we need to take a formal vote on the interpretation question.

MS. STECICH: Well, if you cared to, I mean, just for the purposes of setting a precedent or just go to the use variance question. I think it might be a little better that way. You have that opportunity to resolve each one of the zones. And the standards -- do you want me -- the standards, do you want me to read for you the use variance?

MR. LEAF: Would you, please.

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 character of the neighborhood and the alleged hardship is not self created. And those are the four things that have to be shown.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Right. I think, Mr. Tilly, you are familiar with these requirements, I think, as well.

MR. TILLY: Yes.
CHAIRMAN MURPHY: At least in my view of the use variance applications we have had have come down to is the first one is the problematic one -- we should talk about a little -- is the cannot realize a reasonable return shown by some kind of financial evidence, because the others I agree with Stan. This is a unique situation. It has not been self created. It certainly won't alter the essential character of the neighborhood. And so we are looking for a way to get you where you need to go consistent with our code.

MR. TILLY: Yes. The argument that really has to do with the

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 financial side is that the building is sitting there and it is deteriorating and the making of reasonable use of it is the -- really is the occasion for us to make an investment in the structure in order to rehabilitate it in order to gain that use. So that's really in a nutshell the argument I would make about the structure, which is allowing it -permitting it to -- since barn uses or architectural uses are no longer applicable and we are -- and cars are -and vehicles are no longer permitted. In fact, we are organizing them so that they don't get anywhere back into this part of the site. It is a beautiful site. And so it is sitting there without any reasonable use. And so I think permitting some kind of reasonable use allows this kind of investment to be made.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Are you saying also that the alternative is that it is in such deteriorated condition that at some point it would have to be -- it

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 it would just take that to become a dwelling. And what kind of assurances could we have that that would not take place? Just there are three distinct uses. There is a pool -- there is a pool component which is the bath and the water closet and the shower. And there is a billiard room. Then there is a large upstairs loft. There are three pretty big uses up here. And that is the only part of it that I find -- I understand the desire, but I'm just wondering what kind of assurances that we have that that doesn't take place.

MR. TILLY: You could impose whatever kind of conditions you would like on the approval. Certainly it is very similar -- I mean, in the last few years I've done pool houses in New Castle and Dobbs Ferry which have even more facilities than this, where they -- and where it was a permitted accessory use. But there certainly were the same kind of concerns about still second units or

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 would incur costs just to tear it down so it is safe?

MR. TILLY: In a sense the process is kind of demolition by neglect or that kind of sequence. And this does give the occasion. So that's in the sense how I frame the argument from that economic side. I think there is -- I mean, that is a real problem as far as we are concerned.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Anyone else? Ray, do you have some questions?

MR. DOVELL: The only thing that troubles me about -- what I'm looking at right here is that just to look at this, it looks like a really nice guesthouse. It has all the components to be a dwelling. Simply with the addition of a stove it becomes a dwelling. And it even has an upstairs, a lovely upstairs. It has a bathroom and it has an area for a kitchen.

We understand it doesn't have -- it is not being outfitted with a stove, but

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 guesthouses or what have you. And I think there are remedies that you can by condition of approval of a variance that you grant that no use of that type should be -- no cooking facilities or what have you could be installed. So that seems to me a remedy that is available.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: For example, the application is styled as a pool house, playhouse and I think that could be and should be a condition of the motion, if someone were to -- if the board would wish to grant a favorable motion.

MR. LEAF: We could even add the phrase "and not as a dwelling."

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: And not as a dwelling, yes. And I think that would satisfy everyone's concern on that point, because that really is -- that's the issue. We don't want to set that precedent, and it is not provided for in the code. So it shouldn't be done.

MR. TILLY: No. We would be here applying for an accessory unit if


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MS. STECICH: Is it on there?

MR. SHARMA: Yes. MS. STECICH: No, the one that says that all statements are true. No. We don't have a page that is an affidavit of ownership?

MR. SHARMA: No.
MS. STECICH: I don't know why I thought that was a part of the application.

MR. LEAF: That's for a building permit.

MR. SHARMA: Yes, it is.
MS. STECICH: It is.
MR. SHARMA: Yes.
MS. STECICH: I don't see
it in this.
MR. SHARMA: I don't see it on this, unless we have it on the forms downstairs.

MR. PYCIOR: Mr. Tilly, who owns the property, the McHales or Broad View?

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 did not personally.

MS. STECICH: Oh, I bet the notice is to Hastings Landing, goes to the building.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS:
Apparently there is a potential conflict,
so I must recuse myself from this
particular issue. I will come back after.
CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All right.
Thank you. We will let the record reflect
Mr. Forbes-Watkins has to recuse himself from this application, so we have a voting group of four. Mr. O'Halloran, you understand the concern here? The concern
of the board is simply that if the use
variance gets approved that it is not to
be used as a dwelling unit.
MR. O'HALLORAN: I understand.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Thank you. I guess we clarified the ownership.
Anything else from the board or comment? Anyone else in the audience wish to be heard on this application? Hearing none,

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MR. TILLY: Here is Michael.
MR. O'HALLORAN: Let me introduce myself. I'm Michael O'Halloran, and my wife is Judith McHale. And we are Broad View Properties, the two of us, as an LLC that was set up to -- basically for tax purposes for the ownership of this property, the one next-door, 253 Broadway, and we just purchased 17 Hastings Landing.

MR. PYCIOR: Do you intend to live at 255 Broadway?

MR. O'HALLORAN: Yes. We are renovating it now towards the view of living there. We live in Maryland now. We plan to move back when the renovation is complete.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: I have to recuse myself. I live in Hastings Landing, and apparently Hastings Landing has made a statement.

MS. STECICH: Are you in the noticed area? Did you get a notice of this?

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: No, I

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 board members, does someone want to make a motion? Marc, do you want to give it a try?

MR. LEAF: Would this be a motion on the use?

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: For the use variance. Yes.

MR. LEAF: Marianne, is there a form for making a motion on a use variance that is required?

MS. STECICH: No. There is no required form. I'll correct you if you are wrong.

MR. LEAF: So I move that the board approve a use variance to use an existing carriage house to be renovated for use as a recreation room, bar and bath for use as a pool house or playhouse -well, this is not a playhouse, right?

MS. STECICH: Well, you could say it is for the uses shown on whatever drawings those are in, and reference those drawings and it is limited to that. Do you know what I mean?

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 | 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 |
| 2 | MR. LEAF: They take down a | 2 | was unanimous. All right. Next, |
| 3 | billiard table and put up a ping-pong | 3 | Mr. Tilly? |
| 4 | table, it should still be -- it is to be | 4 | MR. TILLY: Okay. The next |
| 5 | used for a recreational facility and as a | 5 | is the dormer on the second floor facing |
| 6 | pool house, not as a dwelling. | 6 | west which requires an area variance |
| 7 | MR. TILLY: My term was | 7 | because the existing building, as you |
| 8 | recreation pavilion for lack of a better | 8 | know, is 19 feet. And to get a little |
| 9 | term. | 9 | daylight in there on the west, we are |
| 10 | MR. LEAF: At least we would | 10 | proposing this little shed dormer. And |
| 11 | be approving the only recreational | 11 | the height of that dormer exceeds the 15 |
| 12 | pavilion in Hastings. So the motion is to | 12 | feet requirement. Therefore, we are |
| 13 | approve a use variance to use the existing | 13 | building in the area above the area |
| 14 | carriage house as renovated as a | 14 | limited by the height restriction for |
| 15 | recreational pavilion and possible future | 15 | accessory building as the building exists. |
| 16 | pool house and not as a dwelling. | 16 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: So on |
| 17 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Do I have | 17 | your application you have the new dormer |
| 18 | a second? | 18 | as 19.3 feet in height which is below the |
| 19 | MR. PYCIOR: I'll second. | 19 | current ridge line structure which is 29.9 |
| 20 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All in | 20 | feet. |
| 21 | favor? Aye. | 21 | MR. TILLY: That's correct. |
| 22 | MR. LEAF: Aye. | 22 | ad that's the top of the slope of the |
| 23 | MR. DOVELL: Aye | 23 | dormer, and it slopes down from there to |
| 24 | MR. PYCIOR: Aye. | 24 | where the glazing needs to -- |
| 25 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: The vote | 25 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: The |
|  | 40 |  |  |
| 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 | 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 |
| 2 | height of the proposed dormer is above the | 2 | proposed new dormer 19.3 feet where 15 |
| 3 | 15 foot requirement, but it is below the | 3 | feet is permitted. |
| 4 | current height of the structure. | 4 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: And that |
| 5 | MR. TILLY: That is correct. | 5 | is on the accessory structure? |
| 6 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Let's | 6 | MR. LEAF: That is on the |
| 7 | just -- how far out -- does it come out | 7 | accessory structure. |
| 8 | beyond the edge of the -- | 8 | MS. STECICH: That would be |
| 9 | MR. TILLY: No, it sits in | 9 | 19.3 feet in height. |
| 10 | the back -- | 10 | MR. LEAF: 19.3 feet in |
| 11 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: -- | 11 | height where the proposed new dormer -- |
| 12 | structure? | 12 | where 15 feet is permitted. |
| 13 | MR. TILLY: Yeah. | 13 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Do I have |
| 14 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Anyone | 14 | a second? |
| 15 | else have any questions on the board for | 15 | MR. DOVELL: Second. |
| 16 | the proposed height variance for the | 16 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All in |
| 17 | dormer? Ray, do you have anything? | 17 | favor? |
| 18 | MR. DOVELL: No. | 18 | MR. PYCIOR: Aye. |
| 19 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Anyone | 19 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Aye. |
| 20 | from the audience wish to be heard on the | 20 | MR. LEAF: Aye. |
| 21 | area variance for the dormer? All right. | 21 | MR. DOVELL: Aye. |
| 22 | Hearing none, do I have a motion for the | 22 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Four/O. |
| 23 | height variance on the dormer? | 23 | Thank you. Our next case is Peter and |
| 24 | MR. LEAF: I move that we | 24 | Andrea Rockland, 45 Circle Drive for a |
| 25 | approve an area variance to approve a | 25 | proposed addition and alterations to an |

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 existing deck. The variance is being sought for the corner lot front yard for an open deck at or below the entrance level. Please give us your name, sir.

MR. LEWIS: Yes. Hi, I'm
Michael Lewis, Michael Lewis Architects,
P.C. I'm going to come up closer because
the drawings are not that large.
This project that is on
Circle Drive is in a neighborhood where many of the lots are non-conforming. There are many lots irregular, smaller than the required lot size non-conforming. This lot on the corner is unusual because as a corner lot it has the 30 foot setback on a large percentage of the lot. The building, of course, is existing non-conforming, and with it there is a non-conforming deck right there. And the deck is narrow for use.

The Rockland family of four would like to eat and entertain on the deck, and so they wanted to add about 5 feet to it. That is what this proposal is about,

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CHAIRMAN MURPHY: At least I didn't receive it.

MR. SHARMA: We didn't receive any letters in support of the approval.

MR. LEWIS: They were in the file. I know I saw it. Sorry.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Just bear with us for a moment. When you said that, it occurred to me that we hadn't seen letters.

MR. SHARMA: I apologize.
MR. LEWIS: I'm glad you
found that.
CHAIRMAN MURPHY:
Mr. Sharma, thank you. I'll just pass these around. Mr. Lewis, if you would give us one moment. So we have letters from residents at 24 Chestnut Drive, 50 Circle Drive, 57 Circle Drive, 56 Circle Drive, 48 Circle Drive, 18 Chestnut, 38 Circle Drive all in support of the proposed variance. I'll let the other members take a look at that.

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extending the deck about 5 feet. Most of that 5 feet or about half of it is occurring in the 30 foot setback there. So we are enlarging the non-conforming condition we are proposing by adding this deck.

As I mentioned, many of the lots and the houses are non-conforming in this area. And so it is really sort of a thing -- it is not really terribly outside the character of the neighborhood to push the limits a little bit. And so Peter and Andrea went and talked to all the neighbors in advance. The houses in green are the ones that have submitted letters as far as this application in support of the project. That little bit of red there, it is small but that --

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Sorry, Mr. Lewis, let me stop you for one moment. Do we have letters from the neighbors in the file?

MR. LEWIS: Part of the application.

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Could you show me the map?

MR. LEWIS: Yes, sir, the houses in green.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: The house right there (indicating).

MR. LEWIS: This one?
MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Yes.
MR. LEWIS: Right. They're neighbors also and my understanding is that they are not opposed to it and Andrea spoke with them.

MS. ROCKLAND: I spoke with them. We didn't -- I wasn't able to get the letter but we can get that letter in. MR. FORBES-WATKINS: The reason I ask is that particular dwelling is probably the one that is most directly in line of sight, is it not?

MR. LEWIS: Not necessarily. I don't think they can even see it.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Oh, I'm sorry. You're correct. It is one of the greens. It is one of the green ones is

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|  | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 |  | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 |
| 2 | the direct. | 2 | the neighbors also are looking forward to |
| 3 | MR. LEWIS: In fact, we were | 3 | that. |
| 4 | trying to get letters all the way around. | 4 | MR. DOVELL: Does the grade |
| 5 | Why not? I think the reason we don't have | 5 | pitch up towards the street or is it -- |
| 6 | this is pure logistics. There is no | 6 | MR. LEWIS: The grade on the |
| 7 | opposition as far as I know. | 7 | yard which is down in this direction |
| 8 | MR. DOVELL: Can you | 8 | (indicating). |
| 9 | describe the topography that goes through | 9 | MR. DOVELL: Okay. |
| 10 | there? | 10 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: |
| 11 | MR. LEWIS: I'll show you | 11 | Mr. Lewis, one question I had in terms of |
| 12 | photographs that show. Here is the | 12 | extending the width of the deck, currently |
| 13 | existing deck basically. This is the end | 13 | it is just under 10 feet wide, roughly 30 |
| 14 | view from Circle Drive as it comes around | 14 | feet long. But the variances that you are |
| 15 | to the west. And then this is the back | 15 | applying for indicates that the existing |
| 16 | view of the deck. This area right here is | 16 | non-conformity, the setback is 13.4 feet |
| 17 | where we want to extend it 5 feet further | 17 | and that you are going to maintain that |
| 18 | into the backyard or technically it is the | 18 | 13.4 foot setback. |
| 19 | side yard, but it is so confusing with the | 19 | MR. LEWIS: I think that -- |
| 20 | corner lot. | 20 | that's right, because it is so odd because |
| 21 | And, of course, again, the idea is | 21 | of the corner lot, the way it is measured. |
| 22 | that the deck is in disrepair. It is | 22 | You can see the lot here and you can see |
| 23 | unsightly. I think the owners are | 23 | the 30 foot setback. And this thing here |
| 24 | certainly looking forward to repairing | 24 | is 13.4. And so that's continuing |
| 25 | and making a nice deck there. And I think | 25 | straight across. |
|  | 48 |  | 49 |
| 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 | 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 |
| 2 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: So | 2 | need as much of a variance if you made the |
| 3 | whichever direction it is where you are | 3 | deck flush with the house. |
| 4 | building out 5 more feet, the setback | 4 | MR. LEWIS: That's correct, |
| 5 | according to your plans will be 14 feet 5 | 5 | if we were to push that back it would be |
| 6 | inches? | 6 | less of a variance. It would still be a |
| 7 | MR. LEWIS: Yes, sir. That | 7 | variance. In fact, what it would mean is |
| 8 | is the side yard, 12 foot required. | 8 | that -- well, sure. It would be less of a |
| 9 | MR. PYCIOR: Are you | 9 | square footage of the deck would be in the |
| 10 | demolishing -- will they demolish the | 10 | non-conforming zone. I guess when the |
| 11 | existing deck? | 11 | deck was originally built, the idea is |
| 12 | MR. LEWIS: Yes, sir, | 12 | that by having it protrude by the house it |
| 13 | entirely demolishing it and then | 13 | opened up more view. And so in that |
| 14 | rebuilding it. | 14 | regard it's advantageous to the owners. |
| 15 | MR. PYCIOR: Why approach | 15 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Yes, I |
| 16 | approximately 5 feet into the front yard? | 16 | was concerned about the same thing, Stan, |
| 17 | That is -- right now it is not flush with | 17 | but on that side what the applicant is |
| 18 | the house. It protrudes about 5 feet out | 18 | saying, it is only -- required setback is |
| 19 | from the house. | 19 | only 12 feet. Even with the 5 foot bump |
| 20 | MR. LEWIS: That's right. | 20 | out, it is going to be 14 feet 5 inches |
| 21 | It is basically they are just matching the | 21 | from the line because of the weirdness of |
| 22 | existing deck and using the existing | 22 | the lot. |
| 23 | footings in that area and extending it out | 23 | MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Will |
| 24 | into topography. | 24 | the -- in the plan will there be an under |
| 25 | MR. PYCIOR: You wouldn't | 25 | coverage? I found the -- looking at the |

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 deck from down looking from Circle Drive and looking up, I found it particularly unattractive.

MR. LEWIS: Yes, it is. We are proposing a cedar lattice screen. I'll show you on the elevation. That, of course, so the deck is cantilever. It will give it a nice shadow line, a lattice screen that wraps all the way around the corner.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: I think the plan is great. It is a big improvement over what exists now. That's for sure. My only question is really the need to increase the size. Roughly you are adding another 50 percent or so square foot.

MR. LEWIS: 150 feet.
CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Is that just to -- why does the applicant need the space, the extra space?

MR. LEWIS: Basically when we lay out seating and a table, it makes it comfortable. The additional 5 feet

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That's what bothered me. What bothered me when I went out there is the fact that the posts are at the end of the deck. But I notice in the new one you are going to cantilever.

MR. LEWIS: Yes, sir.
MR. PYCIOR: It doesn't bother me nearly as much, because the mass of the deck --

MR. LEWIS: Right. I think the cantilever deck will be a lot nicer.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Any other questions from any of the board members?

MR. DOVELL: I think the fact that you have a skirting around the base of it does improve the appearance from the street enormously. Is it the intention to plant that out or how are you --

MR. LEWIS: We haven't really discussed it. I would assume that once the deck is completed, it would be natural to landscape it and enhance the lot as much as possible. It is not part

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 makes it much more comfortable for entertaining.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: I do note that in terms of the footprint area, 2500 feet is permitted in the district. And with the proposed deck addition, the applicant will still be slightly under 2,000 . And the percent lot area will go to about 19 percent, when 25 percent is permitted. It is certainly well within the permitted area of coverage based on the applicant's information.

MR. LEWIS: Again, I think one of the reasons that the deck becomes perhaps a little more critical is because it is so rocky there on the corner of Circle as you come up and around, that the yard space is really limited for the kids. But in particular a level place to eat outside, and it is really -- the idea by adding this additional width they can sit comfortably outside.

MR. PYCIOR: Can I see the photo of the existing deck again? Okay.

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 of our plans at this point.

MR. PYCIOR: Ray, we can always specify landscaping if you wish when we grant the variance.

MR. DOVELL: I think it would help because of the proximity. It is quite visible, and the proximity to the street, I think we would want that.

MR. LEWIS: I'm all for landscaping it. How to specify in advance without really designing it, what kind of landscaping would be the nicest, it usually takes some time and consideration in figuring out the best way to do it.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Well, I don't think we need to micromanage the landscaping. If you want to put that in as a condition of the motion, just that the applicant landscape that end of the deck on Circle and screening this, I think that's all you need to say.

MR. DOVELL: Okay.
CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Anyone else? David?


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| 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 | 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 |
| 2 | motion to approve the variance for a front | 2 | proposing to build a studio behind the |
| 3 | yard setback for a new wood deck where the | 3 | existing structure. And we are here for |
| 4 | required is 24 feet and proposed is 13.4 | 4 | the view preservation. As I think you've |
| 5 | feet, provided the deck contain wood | 5 | been out there, the complex -- the |
| 6 | skirting and landscaping to conceal the | 6 | foundation is in a ravine. The nearest |
| 7 | lower portion of it. | 7 | property is 20 feet above this property, |
| 8 | MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Second. | 8 | and I don't think there is any question |
| 9 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Do I have | 9 | about -- |
| 10 | a second? | 10 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Just give |
| 11 | MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Second. | 11 | us the dimensions of the proposed |
| 12 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All in | 12 | structure so we make a record of that. |
| 13 | favor? | 13 | MR. PERCIASEPE: My name is |
| 14 | MR. DOVELL: Aye. | 14 | John Perciasepe. I'm the contractor. |
| 15 | MR. LEAF: Aye. | 15 | That structure on the front side will be |
| 16 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Aye. | 16 | 17.4 and project back 14 foot. |
| 17 | MR. PYCIOR: Aye. | 17 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: The |
| 18 | MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Aye. | 18 | height? |
| 19 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: The vote | 19 | MR. PERCIASEPE: The highest |
| 20 | is unanimous. Thank you. | 20 | point would be 14 foot. |
| 21 | All right. Our last case tonight, | 21 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Anything |
| 22 | the Newington-Cropsey Foundation, 25 | 22 | else from the applicant? The board? I |
| 23 | Cropsey Lane. | 23 | know we've had a chance to look at the |
| 24 | MR. SPLLATRO: My name is | 24 | plans and are familiar with the property. |
| 25 | Gary Spilatro. The foundation is | 25 | I don't know if anyone had any questions |
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| 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 | 1 | Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 |
| 2 | in particular. | 2 | wall or the side hill. So this will be |
| 3 | MR. DOVELL: Could you | 3 | strictly just removing slab surface and |
| 4 | describe the topography of that? It looks | 4 | putting it back, right back in place. |
| 5 | from the drawings and from the | 5 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: And was |
| 6 | photographs, that it is quite -- it is | 6 | there a recommendation from the planning |
| 7 | nestled. | 7 | board? |
| 8 | MR. SPILATRO: Okay. The | 8 | MR. SPILATRO: Yes, last |
| 9 | existing structure in front -- there is | 9 | week. |
| 10 | the patio in the back on a concrete slab, | 10 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: What was |
| 11 | where the structure will be built. There | 11 | that recommendation? |
| 12 | is a retaining wall, and then it goes up | 12 | MR. SPILATRO: They |
| 13 | the side of the hill about 20 feet | 13 | recommended. They passed us. |
| 14 | straight up to the next structure above, | 14 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: They |
| 15 | the property above. So this is a 20 feet | 15 | recommend that we approve? |
| 16 | drop to a retaining wall to a concrete | 16 | MR. SPILATRO: Yes. |
| 17 | slab. There is no increase in impervious | 17 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: David? |
| 18 | surface or anything else. There is no | 18 | MR. FORBES-WATKINS: My only |
| 19 | increasing of anything. So we would be | 19 | comment is if you go and stand where this |
| 20 | removing the slab and putting the slab | 20 | facility will be added, not only is there |
| 21 | back in place. Then there is the house, | 21 | no view issue that I can think of, that |
| 22 | below the ridge of the house, smaller than | 22 | what you view from there is the abutment |
| 23 | the house and sitting in tuck behind that, | 23 | of the bridge. So this is not a view |
| 24 | where the building is an L-shaped building | 24 | issue. |
| 25 | where it will not even touch the retaining | 25 | CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Right. |

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 Stanley?

MR. PYCIOR: No. CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Would anyone like to make a motion on the applicant's request for view preservation approval for the construction of the summer art studio?

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: I so move that the zoning board approve view preservation issue for the
Newington-Cropsey Foundation, Case No. 17-08.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Second? MR. PYCIOR: I'll second. CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All in favor?

MR. DOVELL: Aye. MR. LEAF: Aye. CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Aye. MR. PYCIOR: Aye. MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Aye. CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Vote is
unanimous. Thank you very much. Counsel, I know we have another agenda item. Are

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 public hearing, it goes to both the planning board and the zoning board for its recommendations. And so did you want me to go through each of these amendments?

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: No, no.
MS. STECICH: I think my memo explained each of them and why they were in there. Mainly they were to clarify the building coverage and stuff, because right now there are not too many limits on paving coverage except it can't be in required yards and stuff. So there was -- mainly what it was aimed at was clearing up a couple of definitions.

And actually the thing that has given Deven and me the most trouble over the years is what is a structure, and it was a little unclear what is considered a structure, not a structure and that the planning board also spent a lot of time on that. And if we just take the definition of anything affixed to the ground, well, you know, that includes swing sets, jungle gyms. Do you really want to require a

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 we ready to --

MS. STECICH: The first memo attached on there has nothing to do with the recommendation. That is just to let you know that I did pass it on to the board of trustees.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Thank you, Marianne. We appreciate it.

MS. STECICH: We'll see what happens. Then I don't know -- just with working with the code over the many years, there are a bunch of things we came across that we thought needed to be clarified in the code. Some of the stuff we weren't maybe definite on or we disagreed, or we thought it was important to get the planning board's input on it.

We met with the planning board a couple of times and got their recommendations about things like building coverage and abutment coverage and came up with a set of amendments that were presented to the board of trustees which set a public hearing. When it sets the

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 building permit for that? So the definition of structure was made, we hope, clearer. And then most of the other stuff dealt with coverage.

But I think the cover memo is self-explanatory. I'll be glad to answer any questions.

MR. PYCIOR: Marianne, under structure a few times we faced storage sheds. And they are structures.

MS. STECICH: Yes.
MR. PYCIOR: That is not listed. Would it be beneficial to list that, because I think three or four occasions that the storage shed has been the issue in terms of a side yard or rear yard.

MR. SHARMA: We are clear; it is a structure. We didn't have difficulty, a problem, with it. The problem we had was like a barbecue, barbecue grill kind of thing. Would that be a structure? A swing set, jungle gym, would that be a structure? So those are

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 some of the things. But a storage shed is an accessory structure.

MR. PYCIOR: It is clearly a structure.

MS. STECICH: I think it is pretty clearly a building. The other things that are in there and -- you know, is a patio a structure? Deven and I were always disagreeing on that. I thought it was; Deven didn't.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: So now we are clear. As you defined it in the new definition of structure, a patio is an impervious surface and will now be considered a structure.

MS. STECICH: Right.
CHAIRMANMURPHY: And I
think that's a good idea.
MR. SHARMA: Two things happen in terms of lot coverage. That was another thing, whether to count it towards lot coverage or not. So we have the lot coverage, what we also call the development coverage. So there is

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 listed.

MS. STECICH: Yes. It doesn't say, you know, house, garage, you know. If you start listing all of them, if you don't include it, it really includes the things that aren't so clear. Deven?

MR. SHARMA: Garbage sheds, garbage container sheds, for practical purposes we are not using them, you know, because they are not structures. We are not asking people to get permits if they happen to be a certain distance from the property line, things like that. But if it is not clearly a garbage container, a shape and size of it, then it is a shed and then it is an accessory structure. And it can only be a certain distance away from the front line and side.

MR. LEAF: The things that are not mentioned here -- so a garbage container is not a structure?

MR. SHARMA: For the purposes of building permit or the zoning

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 buildings and other structures, patios and other things, so they have a separate percent of the lot that can be covered through that kind of development. So that will help us a lot.

MS. STECICH: What is a structure? The reason it is significant is for two things. No. 1, you have to get a building permit for a structure. And secondly, it gets included in coverage. If it is a structure it gets included in coverage and lot coverage. If it is not, obviously it doesn't.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: If I go to Home Depot or one of the places and buy one of those tool sheds, that I can truck in, throw together, is that a structure?

MS. STECICH: Yes. It is a building. It might be a small building, but it is a building.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: That may be a toolshed question.

MR. PYCIOR: No, but that is obviously a structure so it may not be

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 code application.

MR. LEAF: And the barbecue you were discussing, if the barbecue rolls, it is clearly not a structure. If the barbecue is built into a cinder block or brick or --

MS. STECICH: Or a patio.
MR. LEAF: I'm going to get
to the impervious patio in a second. What is the point of the barbecue? Is a barbecue a structure or not a structure if it were built in?

MS. STECICH: If it is built in, yes, it is a structure.
Actually, I think to tell you the truth, I probably would differ with that than about the shelter. I mean, yes, this is the first I've heard about these little garbage sheds. I would say a garbage shed is a building structure, but I can understand why.

But it is always going to be the case that sometimes you just have to use a common sense approach to it. And if it

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 makes sense, then it is -- you know, how much things cover. The garbage can is covered up. I understand that.

MR. SHARMA: You may not be able to cover all eventualities. But whenever it is not, Marianne and I do speak, and we will concur one way or the other which way to go and take a chance. If something comes up, we deal with it. Normally if something comes up on the borderline, then we talk and see if we can concur.

MS. STECICH: Actually, one of the biggest problems was, and it is not really so much a problem but people calling the building department and saying I want to put in -- some of those jungle gyms are pretty elaborate these days. And you know, so this was -- that the planning board just didn't make -- think that kind of thing made sense.

MR. LEAF: I think that's fine. Patio with an impervious surface, does impervious refer to the materials

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 they have a space in them and that space could make it pervious, that's why rather than just saying impervious patio, yes, a patio is an impervious surface as opposed to one with grasscrete or gravel. There was no concern about gravel. I guess you could say a little piece of gravel is impervious, but it is one of those things you use in common sense.

No, that's a fair point. And I don't remember where it happened that we finally decided on the language patio was an impervious surface. So you would count those things that have space in between, because you want people to have to come in for building permits for them because it is going to affect drainage. That is the main thing. It is going to affect drainage.

MR. LEAF: You have all these new development coverages which are greater than building coverage.

MS. STECICH: Right.
MR. LEAF: Where did those

1 Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 with which the surface is constructed -MS. STECICH: Yes.
MR. LEAF: -- or does it refer to the manner in which the surface is connected, the surface is put together?

MS. STECICH: I would say that a blue stone patio with spaces in between the blue stone, I think that the understanding it is an impervious surface.

MR. SHARMA: If you remember, we talked about concrete pavers or blue stone pavers with space in between, the square footage, the total area of the patio, will be the total area of the patio less for some formula the open spaces in between. So say 10 feet by 10 feet the patio with, you know, grasscrete or concrete pavers --

MS. STECICH: Grasscrete, I don't know why you said that, why you mentioned grasscrete. That is not impervious. We are talking about blue stone or pavers or whatever. And I think the understanding was that even though

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 percentages come from?

MS. STECICH: It is all ten percent or greater. And that's what a lot of municipalities have. Pretty much what we've got now is the building coverage that we've got. And the question is what is considered included in a building coverage. Well, driveways aren't. Paved areas aren't. And they haven't been.

So you want to put a limit on the paving. So what they did is they took whatever -- if the zoning district said you can add 25 percent lot coverage, that's the way the code reads. Now we say, Okay, you have 25 percent building coverage. Those numbers weren't changed. And the coverage that -- the development coverage limit is that plus ten percent, is 35 percent. And that's how those numbers came out.

MR. LEAF: Clearly it is an improvement that we are now looking at developing coverage and limiting it. My only question was, did we get engineering

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 or expert advice --

MS. STECICH: No.
MR. LEAF: -- regarding what is the appropriate coverage? What you are saying is kind of rule of thumb. If you are assuming that buildings can go up to 25 percent, then if there is going to be some kind of other things, like driveways, that's giving them a little extra. The ten percent is what you are allowed with the building and a little extra.

MS. STECICH: The number wasn't just pulled out of the sky. It was not done scientifically. There were no studies done, but except looking at other codes. I know that is how a lot of other codes do it, and the board did discuss it. Deven had a different scheme. He had instead of plus ten percent, he had plus a certain percentage of. And the planning board considered that and didn't like that. They really liked the plus ten percent. They thought about it in terms of different properties, and it made sense

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 you require a building permit for paving expressly now. But there is an exception and the building permit shall not be required to repair or repave a driveway so long as the dimensions of the driveway are not being altered. So repair, I get, or repaved, suggesting it has been paved before.

If you take a driveway which is not paved, like a gravel driveway or a driveway which is dirt or something, and then you pave it, I assume what you mean here, it is not paved before so it will not have been -- that will not be repaved.

MS. STECICH: Exactly.
MR. LEAF: You take a gravel driveway and I pave it, that is a paving, even though the driveway exists and you are not changing the dimensions.

MS. STECICH: Right.
MR. LEAF: It is a paving.
MS. STECICH: Right. It is
not repaving. It is not repair. It is paving, so you have to come in.

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 to them.

MR. SHARMA: Let me explain one other thing. One of the main issues I had, in current codes there has been no paving in any required yards. So that's kind of very difficult. What do you mean? No walkways, no pathways, no patio? So by putting that number five, ten, whatever percent it is, yes, you can have some paving, but there is a limit to how much you can pave.

MS. STECICH: You still can't have paving in a required yard. That wasn't changed.

MR. SHARMA: But the -MS. STECICH: You still cannot have paving in a required yard. Right now the way the code is, you can't have it in the required yard. You can have everything else, right? You can have the house and you can have all kinds of -and, again, the concern, big concern, do I mention obviously, you know, green.

MR. LEAF: Last question,

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 MR. LEAF: Thank you. MR. DOVELL: It does seem we will have a lot more variance cases regarding this just given the small size of the lots in Hastings and a lot -- the fact that they are not complying currently. Ten percent doesn't seem like a lot even given the topography and given where people have terraces because of the change in grade. And those terraces generally are made of impervious material. It does seem that the percentage -- it seems to me the percentage is low, is an awful low percentage and that we are all of a sudden going to see a lot more.

MS. STECICH: Well, you
know, and if and when that happens, you can -- you know, you can make the suggestion, say, "Listen, ten percent doesn't seem to make sense. Maybe you ought to revisit it." That could be done. That happened many years -- it actually happened when the code was first enacted, and, whoe, almost everybody had to come in
if they did anything on their property. So that was why then a section was added -- Well, if it does -- to get rid of what they call nuisance variances. If it doesn't increase the non-conformity, you can do it. And so you can tweak it. You can tweak it. Maybe, you say, maybe there are certain circumstances you think it shouldn't have to come before or maybe you think the number is too small. But -- and maybe you do -- if somebody has that much of their lot covered, you may want them to be more restrained about it.

MR. DOVELL: It is going to rule out a lot of home improvement projects. Trips to Home Depot will be cut down.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Well, I don't know, Ray. 35 percent, that is a pretty good size lot coverage. I'm not sure you would want to go much higher than that.

MS. STECICH: It is amazing when you look at -- sometimes you look at

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MR. PYCIOR: Yes, but right at the property line. Yes.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: That's your point. Certainly if you are going to include air conditioning units and generators, a pool filtration system is exactly the same kind of thing in my judgment. I don't know that --

MS. STECICH: Again, these are just -- I mean, including without limitation -- you know, there is the general structure. These are some examples. These are the things that come up more. And I would think if you came in with something -- the question came to the building department, I would say, "Yes, I think it is really like a generator. It is an assembled, constructed, permanently affixed location. It is a structure."

MR. SHARMA: The way the interpretation of the code by the building department -- and they can always challenge it. They come to me. Here it is and it is now specifically managed. I

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 something and say this has to be 50 percent, because there is stuff all over it. When you actually do the calculation, it is lower than it looks frequently.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All right. Do we need to give advisory approval?

MS. STECICH: Yes.
CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All right. Do we do it by motion?

MS. STECICH: Yes.
MR. PYCIOR: I have one more question. I notice under the structure, generator or air conditioning equipment is listed. How about pool filtering equipment? I walk by a property on a regular basis that has their filtration system at the property line, and the pool is 30 feet away. Would filtration be at the same category as generator or air conditioning equipment?

MR. SHARMA: I would tend to think that way.

MR. FORBES-WATKINS: It is probably on a cement path.

Zoning Board of Appeals - 7/24/2008 can say it to be a certain way. If they don't agree, they can, of course, come here. I would treat it the same way as some kind of accessory device that used to be a certain distance away from certain property lines, and that's how we treat it.

CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All right. I'll move to approve our advisory approval of local law No. 24 amending the zoning code to impose limits on development coverage and curb cuts to clarify provisions relating to driveways and paving, to prohibit carports and clarify definitions of "structure" and "half story."

MR. PYCIOR: I'll second. CHAIRMAN MURPHY: All in favor?

MR. DOVELL: Aye.
MR. LEAF: Aye.
CHAIRMAN MURPHY: Aye.
MR. PYCIOR: Aye.
MR. FORBES-WATKINS: Aye.


