

**DATE:** June 13, 2013  
**TO:** Town Council  
**FROM:** Anne Gregory, Assessor  
**RE:** Assessor's Operations

**Staff:**  
Anne Gregory, Assessor  
Pamela Given, Administration Assistant  
Diana Calder, Field Appraiser (70 days/year)

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The Assessor is mandated by Maine's constitution to determine the market value of property for the equitable collection of property taxes. The Assessor functions as the town's appraiser. According to MRSA Title 36, the Assessor must:

- Hold a Certified Maine Assessor designation and complete 16 hours of continuing education annually.
- Maintain an assessment-to-sale price average ratio of 70% minimum to 110% maximum.
  - ✓ Ratio: the average assessed value divided by the average residential selling price.
  - ✓ Average ratio is 103% for the sales period from July 2011 to June 2012.

Note: Average ratio fluctuations are a direct result of the ever changing real estate market.

- Sustain a Coefficient of Dispersion (COD) rating less than 20.
  - ✓ COD: the average ratio deviation divided by the average ratio.
  - ✓ Per the State's latest ratio study, the COD is 9.

Note: A COD nearing 20 indicates the valuation model is not generating assessed values as accurately as when it was created for the last revaluation. Falmouth's last revaluation was implemented for 2008.

Town's Commitment Year	Ratio	COD	Average Sale Price	Average Assessed Value	Sales*	Town's Commitment Valuation	State Valuation (Minus Sheltered TIF Value)
2007	77%	9	\$469,800	\$361,700	217	\$1,736,584,800	\$2,143,400,000
2008	93%	8	\$497,000	\$462,200	172	\$2,173,791,900	\$2,171,450,000
2009	97%	7	\$472,300	\$458,100	141	\$2,196,304,800	\$2,131,400,000
2010	102%	9	\$416,600	\$424,900	148	\$2,240,375,800	\$2,171,450,000
2011	101%	9	\$440,600	\$449,700	124	\$2,261,304,300	\$2,131,400,000
2012	103%	9	\$462,700	\$476,600	154	\$2,286,352,300	\$2,071,900,000

\*Number of qualified residential sales used in State's annual ratio study for State Valuation

In-house residential revaluations were completed in 1997, 2000, 2003 and 2008; commercial revaluations in 1997, 2001, 2004 and 2008. I do not anticipate another revaluation until the ratio slips below 70% or exceeds 110%.

Since all property assessments reflect the same economic time period, equity is maintained for the fair and equitable collection of property taxes. In other words, if all similar properties are assessed similarly, then the distribution of the property tax burden is equitable.